

**Board of Directors approves nine months results  
BENETTON GROUP CONSOLIDATED REVENUES INCREASE  
TO 1,534 MILLION EURO(+6.3%, currency neutral)**

- Revenues accelerate in the third quarter
- Positive trend in gross operating profit
- Improved cash flow from operating activities
- Commitment to achieve Group full year objectives confirmed

Ponzano, November 13, 2008 – The Benetton Group Board of Directors, meeting today and chaired by Luciano Benetton, examined and approved the consolidated results for the first nine months of 2008.

Group **net revenues** for the first nine months of 2008 grew to 1,534 million euro (+4.3%), consistent with the full year revenue forecast previously announced; this increase, after eliminating exchange impacts (currency neutral) and on a like for like basis, was equivalent to 6.3%.

UNITED COLORS  
OF BENETTON.

	9 Months 08 (*)	9 Months 07 pro-forma(*)
<b>Revenues</b>	<b>1534</b>	<b>1471</b>
<i>Change</i>	<i>4.3%</i>	
Gr. operating profit	709	643
<i>Change</i>	<i>10.3%</i>	
Contribution margin	597	539
<i>Change</i>	<i>10.8%</i>	
<b>Operating Profit</b>	<b>182</b>	<b>166</b>
<i>Change</i>	<i>9.9%</i>	
Income before taxes	145	137
<i>Change</i>	<i>6.5%</i>	
<b>Net income</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>103</b>
<i>Change</i>	<i>6.3%</i>	
EBITDA	249	232
<i>Change</i>	<i>7.3%</i>	
<i>*Values in millions of euro</i>		

Growth in the nine months was determined, in particular, by enrichment of the offer with higher value product categories and by the significant increase in the number of items sold. Growth was partially attenuated by the appreciation of the euro against major foreign currencies, in particular the Korean won, the US dollar, the Indian rupee and the British pound

**Gross operating profit** reported a margin of 46.2% of revenues compared with 43.7% in the first nine months of 2007,

with an increase of 66 million euro. This increase was principally influenced by the combined effect of the increase in volumes and the ever more efficient management of the supply chain and sourcing activities, in a context of constant attention to product quality.

The **contribution margin** increased by 58 million to 597 million euro, rising to 38.9% of revenues from 36.6%, including a slight increase in variable costs associated in particular with the cost of oil and transport.

The most significant elements in the period which impacted on general and administrative expenses (+42 million euro) were:

- consolidation of direct control of the business, particularly in the US market;
- costs associated with projects to improve the supply chain, to simplify collection structure and to analyze the development of competitive structure in strategic markets;
- higher depreciation and amortization associated with the implementation of significant IT investments in previous periods, in particular the development of SAP as well as commercial investments which became operative during the year.

**Operating profit** grew by 16 million to 182 million euro, with a percentage of revenues of 11.9% compared with 11.3% in the first nine months of 2007.

**EBITDA** increased by 17 million to 249 million euro, equivalent to 16.3% of revenues, against 15.8% in the comparative period. As a result of increases in average financial indebtedness and interest rates, and appreciation of the euro against the principal currencies, financial expenses and currency hedging increased by 8 million euro.

**Net income**, of 109 million euro, grew by 6.3%.

**Capital employed** increased by 327 million euro compared with December 31, 2007; this was mainly driven by the cyclical movement in working capital and the net increase in tangible, intangible and financial assets. **Working capital** registered a modest increase (+18 million euro compared with September 30, 2007).

**Net financial indebtedness** was 814 million euro compared with 650 million at September 30, 2007.

Since May 2008 the Group has proceeded with the **repurchase of Company shares** for an amount of 52 million euro (at September 30, 2008); in accordance with international accounting principles, the figure has been reported in shareholders' equity.

**Cash flow** used by operating activities improved by around 36 million euro compared with the corresponding period in 2007.

## **BRANDS**

Revenues of all Group brands increased in the period. Growth was driven, in particular, by new openings and the positive contribution of sales per square metre.

Benefits of projects initiated in prior periods were confirmed by the increase in average price due to improvements in mix.

The **United Colors of Benetton** adult brand recorded growth in performance, especially in Europe: new openings were well received from Genoa to Helsinki, from Astana (Kazakhstan) to Riga (Latvia), to name a few.

**Sisley** produced a positive performance in Asia (8 new stores in India alone). **Sisley Young**, for fashion-conscious youngsters, opened its first store in Taipei (Taiwan): the brand's most representative showcase in the Asian market. Following the debut success of its Christmas Season collection, the totally new **Sisley Underwear** line, men's and women's underwear and accessories with a sensual and chic style and a strong fashion content, launched its 2009 Spring/Summer collection with a series of special events. This line, which will establish its identity in corners and monobrand stores of innovative design, has plans for three openings in Italy and abroad within the year, joining its existing corners which number over 150.

**Playlife** was particularly positive in Italy, with the opening of around 20 new stores during Fall/Winter 2008.

## **MARKETS**

Results by geographic area in the nine months were impacted by strong exchange rate fluctuations.

**Europe** increased by 4% in the nine months (currency neutral), and the **Mediterranean Area** in particular grew by 4.3%, with a positive trend in countries such as Italy, France and Greece.

**Asia** achieved 15.7% growth in revenues in the period (currency neutral). In particular, there was a significant strengthening of activities in the Middle East area where the company has set up commercial offices in Dubai, in order to monitor the market more closely, supervise the area in a more specific way and exploit all business opportunities. Specifically, for the development of the Qatar market, a cooperation agreement was signed with the Al Mana Fashion Group, which is recognised in the fashion sector for reliability, performance, quality of service and results.

In the **Americas**, of particular note are the continuing development of the Mexican market and the consolidation of United States activities, now directly managed by the new regional offices in Miami.

The group of **Emerging Markets**, with high growth potential (Russia and ex USSR countries, Turkey, India, Greater China, Central and South America), grew by 27% in the period (currency neutral), increasing its proportion of total Group revenues to 11% from 9% in 2007. In particular, in Russia and ex-USSR countries 26 new stores, including a number of important megastores in the main cities, were recently opened. India confirmed growth of 40% (currency neutral) and saw the opening of 41 new stores in the first nine months of 2008. Particularly noteworthy is the opening of the first Benetton Man store in New Delhi: over 300 square metres totally dedicated to casual and formal wear. Development of the strategic partnership with the Tata Group continued, with a total of 8 openings.

## **INVESTMENTS**

In the first nine months of 2008, net investments amounted to 183 million euro compared with 142 million in the corresponding period of 2007.

Investments for the commercial network predominated, with an amount of 147 million euro, including those relative to the acquisition of shareholdings and commercial businesses, in particular in the United States and Italy.

Investment in production, amounting to 37 million euro, was mainly dedicated to increasing the distribution hub in Castrette di Villorba (Italy) and the capacity of the production facilities in Tunisia and Romania.

Other investments amounted to 17 million euro and related mainly to IT; the most significant was that for the integrated management of directly operated stores and extension of the SAP application software to some foreign subsidiaries.

Disposals of 37 million euro in the period related mainly to:

- sale of Villa Loredan (Venegazzù, Treviso), the outstanding amount of 13 million euro will be received by the end of the current year;
- sale of the residual sports equipment business in Hungary;
- disposal, in the fabrics segment, of the Cassano Magnago property, as well as of the production plant and machinery.

## **OUTLOOK FOR THE FULL YEAR**

In the light of the nine months results, the Group confirms its commitment to achieving the 2008 full year objectives.

Gerolamo Caccia Dominioni, CEO of Benetton Group, commented "*the results achieved in the nine months are satisfactory and the capacity of the company to channel its energies into achieving the operational choices undertaken should be emphasized. It is now essential for the Group to act with even more rapidity in view of the economic situation the markets will be facing in the coming months*".

In consideration of actions already put in place by the management to contain and compensate for the negative impact of these factors, revenues are expected to grow by 6% (currency neutral), and net income to be up by around 7% compared with 2007.

Investments in the year should be around 250 million euro and, in particular:

- investment projects to double the size of the Castrette logistics hub (in Italy) and regarding the production facility in Tunisia will be completed;
- investment will continue for the opening of new stores in markets considered to be strategic for the Group;
- implementation of business support IT systems will continue.

The objective of net financial indebtedness around 650 million euro by the end of the current year is confirmed.

**Declaration by the manager responsible for preparing the company's financial reports**

The manager responsible for preparing the company's financial reports, Emilio Foà, declares, pursuant to paragraph 2 of Article 154-*bis* of the Consolidated Law on Finance, that the accounting information contained in this press release corresponds to the document results, books and accounting records.

As previously announced, with the approval of the results of the first nine months of 2008, Emilio Foà leaves his position as manager responsible for preparing the company's financial reports. The Board of Directors, during today's meeting, assigned this position to Lorenzo Zago, Director of Administration and Reporting.

**Disclaimer**

*This document contains forward looking statements, specifically in the section entitled "Outlook for the full year", relating to future events and operating, economic and financial results of the Benetton Group. By their nature, such forecasts contain an element of risk and uncertainty, because they depend on the occurrence of future events and developments. The actual results may differ, even significantly, from those announced for a number of reasons.*

## Consolidated Benetton Group results (unaudited)

On April 1, 2008 the Group sold its residual sports equipment manufacturing business in Hungary to third parties, meaning that the income and expenses of the discontinued operations have been reclassified and reported in a single line in the statement of income "Net income from discontinued operations". The related figures for the corresponding period in 2007 have also been reclassified to make them comparable with 2008.

### Consolidated statement of income

As stated previously, after the amounts relating to the discontinued sports equipment operations were reclassified, the figures for 2007 have been restated to make them consistent with those in 2008.

(millions of Euro)	Nine months 2008		Nine months 2007 pro-forma		Change		Full year 2007 pro-forma	
		%		%		%		%
<b>Revenues</b>	<b>1,534</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,471</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>2,048</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Materials and subcontracted work	713	46.5	724	49.2	(11)	(1.5)	1,000	48.8
Payroll and related costs	67	4.3	61	4.1	6	9.4	82	4.0
Industrial depreciation and amortization	12	0.8	12	0.8	-	(0.6)	16	0.8
Other manufacturing costs	33	2.2	31	2.2	2	6.3	42	2.1
<b>Cost of sales</b>	<b>825</b>	<b>53.8</b>	<b>828</b>	<b>56.3</b>	<b>(3)</b>	<b>(0.4)</b>	<b>1,140</b>	<b>55.7</b>
<b>Gross operating profit</b>	<b>709</b>	<b>46.2</b>	<b>643</b>	<b>43.7</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>10.3</b>	<b>908</b>	<b>44.3</b>
Distribution and transport	46	3.0	43	2.9	3	6.7	60	2.9
Sales commissions	66	4.3	61	4.2	5	8.2	86	4.2
<b>Contribution margin</b>	<b>597</b>	<b>38.9</b>	<b>539</b>	<b>36.6</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>10.8</b>	<b>762</b>	<b>37.2</b>
Payroll and related costs	124	8.1	115	7.8	9	8.1	156	7.6
Advertising and promotion	46	3.0	48	3.3	(2)	(4.3)	61	3.0
Depreciation and amortization	61	4.0	54	3.7	7	13.0	74	3.6
Other expenses and income	184	11.9	156	10.5	28	17.9	228	11.1
- of which non-recurring expenses/(income)	(7)	(0.5)	(7)	(0.5)	-	4.3	3	0.2
<b>General and operating expenses</b>	<b>415</b>	<b>27.0</b>	<b>373</b>	<b>25.3</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>11.3</b>	<b>519</b>	<b>25.3</b>
- of which non-recurring expenses/(income)	(7)	(0.5)	(7)	(0.5)	-	4.3	3	0.2
<b>Operating profit (A)</b>	<b>182</b>	<b>11.9</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>11.3</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>9.9</b>	<b>243</b>	<b>11.9</b>
Financial (expenses)/income	(28)	(1.8)	(21)	(1.4)	(7)	31.3	(30)	(1.5)
Net foreign currency hedging (losses)/gains and exchange differences	(9)	(0.6)	(8)	(0.6)	(1)	9.6	(10)	(0.5)
<b>Income before taxes</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>9.5</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>9.3</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>6.5</b>	<b>203</b>	<b>9.9</b>
Income taxes	36	2.4	34	2.3	2	7.8	53	2.6
<b>Net income from continuing operations</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>7.1</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>7.0</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6.1</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>7.3</b>
Net income from discontinued operations	1	0.1	-	n.s.	1	n.s.	-	-
Net income for the period attributable to:	110	7.2	103	7.0	7	6.7	150	7.3
- <b>shareholders of the Parent Company</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>7.1</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>7.0</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6.3</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>7.1</b>
- minority interests	1	0.1	-	-	1	n.s.	5	0.2

(A) Operating profit before non-recurring items was 175 million, representing 11.4% of revenues (159 million in first nine months 2007, representing 10.8% of revenues, and 246 million in 2007 representing 12.1% of revenues).

(millions of Euro)	3rd quarter 2008	%	3rd quarter 2007 pro-forma	%	Change	%
<b>Revenues</b>	<b>538</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>503</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>6.9</b>
Materials and subcontracted work	254	47.2	252	50.0	2	1.0
Payroll and related costs	22	4.0	19	3.7	3	14.0
Industrial depreciation and amortization	4	0.8	3	0.8	1	7.5
Other manufacturing costs	11	2.1	9	1.8	2	28.3
<b>Cost of sales</b>	<b>291</b>	<b>54.1</b>	<b>283</b>	<b>56.3</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>2.8</b>
<b>Gross operating profit</b>	<b>247</b>	<b>45.9</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>43.7</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>12.2</b>
Distribution and transport	16	3.0	14	2.9	2	9.1
Sales commissions	24	4.3	22	4.3	2	8.5
<b>Contribution margin</b>	<b>207</b>	<b>38.6</b>	<b>184</b>	<b>36.5</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>12.8</b>
Payroll and related costs	40	7.5	35	7.0	5	14.0
Advertising and promotion	13	2.5	14	2.9	(1)	(5.5)
Depreciation and amortization	21	3.9	19	3.7	2	12.1
Other expenses and income	67	12.4	57	11.2	10	17.4
- of which non-recurring expenses/(income)	1	0.1	-	-	1	n.s.
<b>General and operating expenses</b>	<b>141</b>	<b>26.3</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>24.8</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>13.0</b>
- of which non-recurring expenses/(income)	1	0.1	-	-	1	n.s.
<b>Operating profit (A)</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>12.3</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>11.7</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>12.5</b>
Financial (expenses)/income	(11)	(2.1)	(8)	(1.7)	(3)	30.8
Net foreign currency hedging (losses)/gains and exchange differences	(2)	(0.3)	(4)	(0.7)	2	(50.9)
<b>Income before taxes</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>9.9</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>9.3</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>14.1</b>
Income taxes	15	2.6	13	2.5	2	14.5
<b>Net income from continuing operations</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>7.3</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>14.0</b>
Net income from discontinued operations	-	(0.1)	-	-	-	n.s.
Net income for the period	38	7.2	34	6.8	4	13.0
attributable to:						
- <b>shareholders of the Parent Company</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>7.0</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>6.5</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>14.5</b>
- minority interests	1	0.2	1	0.3	-	(18.3)

<sup>(A)</sup> Operating profit before non-recurring items was 67 million, representing 12.4% of revenues (59 million in third quarter 2007, representing 11.7% of revenues).

## Balance sheet and financial position highlights

Management has decided to present working capital in the strict sense of the term, meaning that direct taxation has now been excluded, also in keeping with requests from the financial community. As a result, the following items have been reclassified from "Other receivables/(payables)" to "Other assets/(liabilities)": deferred tax assets and liabilities, receivables due from the tax authorities for direct taxes and receivables and payables from/to holding companies in relation to the group tax election.

(millions of Euro)	09.30.2008	12.31.2007	Change	09.30.2007
Working capital	831	631	200	813
- trade receivables	872	686	186	796
- inventories	353	336	17	352
- trade payables	(373)	(385)	12	(339)
- other receivables/(payables) <sup>(A)</sup>	(21)	(6)	(15)	4
Assets held for sale	1	6	(5)	3
Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets <sup>(B)</sup>	1,304	1,171	133	1,110
Non-current financial assets <sup>(C)</sup>	29	23	6	25
Other assets/(liabilities) <sup>(D)</sup>	51	58	(7)	72
<b>Net capital employed</b>	<b>2,216</b>	<b>1,889</b>	<b>327</b>	<b>2,023</b>
Net financial indebtedness <sup>(E)</sup>	814	475	339	650
<b>Total shareholders' equity</b>	<b>1,402</b>	<b>1,414</b>	<b>(12)</b>	<b>1,373</b>

<sup>(A)</sup> Other receivables/(payables) include VAT receivables and payables, sundry receivables and payables, trade receivables and payables from/to Group companies, accruals and deferrals, payables to social security institutions and employees, receivables and payables for fixed asset purchase etc.

<sup>(B)</sup> Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets include all categories of assets net of the related accumulated depreciation, amortization, and impairment losses.

<sup>(C)</sup> Non-current financial assets include unconsolidated investments and guarantee deposits paid and received.

<sup>(D)</sup> Other assets/(liabilities) include retirement benefit obligations, provisions for legal and tax risks, the provision for sales agent indemnities, other provisions, current income tax liabilities, receivables and payables from/to holding companies in relation to the group tax election, receivables from the tax authorities for direct taxes, deferred tax assets also in relation to the company reorganization carried out in 2003 and deferred tax liabilities.

<sup>(E)</sup> Net financial indebtedness includes cash and cash equivalents and all short and medium/long-term financial assets and liabilities.

## Financial position

(millions of Euro)	09.30.2008	12.31.2007	Change	09.30.2007
Cash and banks	85	134	(49)	76
<b>A Liquid assets</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>(49)</b>	<b>76</b>
<b>B Current financial receivables</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>25</b>
Current portion of medium/long-term loans	-	-	-	-
Financial payables, bank loans and lease financing	(529)	(231)	(298)	(354)
<b>C Current financial payables</b>	<b>(529)</b>	<b>(231)</b>	<b>(298)</b>	<b>(354)</b>
<b>D = A+B+C Current financial indebtedness</b>	<b>(418)</b>	<b>(78)</b>	<b>(340)</b>	<b>(253)</b>
<b>E Non-current financial receivables</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>5</b>
Medium/long-term loans	(400)	(400)	-	(399)
Lease financing	(1)	(2)	1	(3)
<b>F Non-current financial payables</b>	<b>(401)</b>	<b>(402)</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>(402)</b>
<b>G = E+F Non-current financial indebtedness</b>	<b>(396)</b>	<b>(397)</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>(397)</b>
<b>H = D+G Net financial indebtedness</b>	<b>(814)</b>	<b>(475)</b>	<b>(339)</b>	<b>(650)</b>



## Cash flow statement

(millions of Euro)	Nine months 2008	Nine months 2007
Cash flow from operating activities before changes in working capital	254	233
Cash flow used by changes in working capital	(220)	(268)
Net interest paid - exchange differences	(37)	(31)
Payment of taxes	(33)	(6)
<b>Cash flow used by operating activities</b>	<b>(36)</b>	<b>(72)</b>
Net operating investments/Capex	(161)	(137)
Non-current financial assets	(22)	(5)
<b>Cash flow used by investing activities</b>	<b>(183)</b>	<b>(142)</b>
<b>Free cash flow</b>	<b>(219)</b>	<b>(214)</b>
Cash flow provided by financing activities of which:		
- payment of dividends	(75)	(69)
- purchase of treasury shares	(52)	-
- change in shareholders' equity	-	2
- net change in other sources of finance	293	172
<b>Cash flow provided by financing activities</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>105</b>
<b>Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>(53)</b>	<b>(109)</b>

## Alternative performance indicators

In addition to the standard financial indicators required by IFRS, this press release also contains a number of alternative performance indicators for the purposes of allowing a better appreciation of the Group's financial and economic results. These indicators must not, however, be treated as replacing the standard ones required by IFRS. The following table shows how EBITDA and ordinary EBITDA are made up.

Key operating data (millions of Euro)	Nine months 2008	Nine months 2007 pro-forma	Change	Full year 2007 pro-forma
A Operating profit	182	166	16	243
B - of which non-recurring expenses/(income)	(7)	(7)	-	3
C Depreciation and amortization	73	66	7	90
D Other non-monetary costs (net impairment/(reversals))	(6)	-	(6)	7
E - of which non-recurring	(6)	-	(6)	7
F = A+C+D EBITDA	249	232	17	340
G = F+B-E Ordinary EBITDA	248	225	23	336

## For further information and contacts:

### Media

+ 39 0422519036

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